



**St Anthony's Catholic Primary School**  
An Academy within The Catholic Academy Trust in South Hampshire  
'Children in our heart, Christ at the centre'  
'We love, we learn and we live'



**PRESCHOOL**



<b>Name of Policy</b>	Safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults procedures <b>Allegations Against Staff, Volunteers or Agency Staff Policy</b>
<b>Reference Number</b>	1.5
<b>Date of e-signoff</b>	
<b>Headteacher</b>	Katrina Straker
<b>Chair of Governors</b>	Torion Bowles
<b>Preschool Governor</b>	Anita Fitzpatrick
<b>Preschool Manager</b>	Alison Reid
<b>Date for Review</b>	September 2026



## Safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults procedures

### Allegations Against Staff, Volunteers or Agency Staff Policy

Concerns may come from a parent, child, colleague or member of the public. Allegations or concerns must be referred to the deputy safeguarding lead without delay - even if the person making the allegation later withdraws it.

#### Identifying

An allegation against a member of staff, volunteer or agency staff constitutes serious harm or abuse if they:

- behaved in a way that has harmed, or may have harmed a child
- possibly committed a criminal offence against, or related to, a child
- behaved towards a child in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children

#### Informing

- All staff report allegations to the deputy safeguarding lead.
- The deputy designated safeguarding lead alerts the designated safeguarding lead. If the designated safeguarding lead is unavailable the deputy designated safeguarding lead contacts their equivalent until they get a response- which should be within 3-4 hours of the event. Together they should form a view about what immediate actions are taken to ensure the safety of the children and staff in the setting, and what is acceptable in terms of fact-finding.
- It is essential that no investigation occurs until and unless the LADO has expressly given consent for this to occur, however, the person responding to the allegation does need to have an understanding of what explicitly is being alleged.
- The deputy designated safeguarding lead must take steps to ensure the immediate safety of children, parents, and staff on that day within the setting.
- The Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) is contacted as soon as possible and within one working day. If the LADO is on leave or cannot be contacted the LADO team manager is contacted and/or advice sought from the point of entry safeguarding team/mash/point of contact, according to local arrangements.
- A child protection referral is made by the deputy designated safeguarding lead or designated safeguarding lead if required.

- The deputy designated safeguarding lead or designated safeguarding lead asks for clarification from the LADO on the following areas:
  - what actions must take next and when and how the parents of the child are informed of the allegation
  - whether or not the LADO thinks a criminal offence may have occurred and whether the police should be informed and if so who will inform them
  - whether the LADO is happy for the setting to pursue an internal investigation without input from the LADO, or how the LADO wants to proceed
  - whether the LADO thinks the person concerned should be suspended, and whether they have any other suggestions about the actions the designated safeguarding lead has taken to ensure the safety of the children and staff attending the setting
- The deputy designated safeguarding lead or designated safeguarding lead records details of discussions and liaison with the LADO including dates, type of contact, advice given, actions agreed and updates on the child's case file.
- Parents are not normally informed until discussion with the LADO has taken place, however in some circumstances the designated safeguarding lead may need to advise parents of an incident involving their child straight away, for example if the child has been injured and requires medical treatment.
- Staff do not investigate the matter unless the LADO has specifically advised them to investigate internally. Guidance should also be sought from the LADO regarding whether or not suspension should be considered. The person dealing with the allegation must take steps to ensure that the immediate safety of children, parents and staff is assured. It may be that in the short-term measures other than suspension, such as requiring a staff member to be office based for a day, or ensuring they do not work unsupervised, can be employed until contact is made with the LADO and advice given.
- The designated safeguarding lead ensures staff report on CPOMS.
- If after discussion with the designated safeguarding lead, the LADO decides that the allegation is not obviously false, and there is cause to suspect that the child/ren is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm, then the LADO will normally refer the allegation to children's social care.
- If notification to Ofsted is required the designated safeguarding lead will inform Ofsted as soon as possible, but no later than 14 days after the event has occurred.
- Avenues such as performance management or coaching and supervision of staff will also be used instead of disciplinary procedures where these are appropriate and proportionate. If an allegation is ultimately upheld the LADO may also offer a view about what would be a proportionate response in relation to the accused person.
- The deputy designated safeguarding lead must consider revising or writing a new risk assessment where appropriate, for example if the incident related to an instance where a member of staff has

physically intervened to ensure a child's safety, or if an incident relates to a difficulty with the environment such as where parents and staff are coming and going and doors are left open.

- All allegations are investigated even if the person involved resigns or ceases to be a volunteer.

### Allegations against agency staff

Any allegations against agency staff must be responded to as detailed in this procedure. In addition, the designated safeguarding lead must contact the agency following advice from the LADO

### Allegations against the Deputy DSL

- If a member of staff has concerns that the Deputy DSL has behaved in a way that indicates they are not suitable to work with children as listed above, this is reported to the DSL who will investigate further.
- During the investigation, the DSL will identify another suitably experienced person to take on the role of Deputy DSL.
- If an allegation is made against the DSL, then the Chair of Governors will be informed and will investigate further.

### Recording

- A record is made of an allegation/concern, along with supporting information on CPOMS; normally by the practitioner who has observed the incident. This is then entered on the file of the child's CPOMS file.
- If the allegation refers to more than one child, this is recorded in each child's CPOMS file
- If relevant, a child protection referral is made, with details held on the child's CPOMS file.

### Disclosure and Barring Service

- If a member of staff is dismissed because of a proven or strong likelihood of child abuse, inappropriate behaviour towards a child, or other behaviour that may indicate they are unsuitable to work with children such as drug or alcohol abuse, or other concerns raised during supervision when the staff suitability checks are done, a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service is made.

### Escalating concerns

- If a member of staff believes at any time that children may be in danger due to the actions or otherwise of a member of staff or volunteer, they must discuss their concerns immediately with the Deputy DSL.
- If after discussions with the Deputy DSL, they still believe that appropriate action to protect children has not been taken they must speak to the DSL.
- If there are still concerns then the St Anthony's School whistle blowing procedure must be followed.